

# FISCAL NOTE

## SB 1157 - HB 1388

March 18, 1999

**SUMMARY OF BILL:** Requires that a person issued a restricted license after a DUI conviction must have an ignition interlock installed if one of the following conditions applies to their conviction:

- The offenders breath alcohol content is 0.15% or greater.
- If the offender refused to take the breath alcohol test and is convicted for a first time violation of driving under the influence of intoxicant, drug or drug producing stimulant.
- If the offender has a breath alcohol content of less than 0.15% and is financially able to afford an ignition interlock device and is found guilty of violating any of TCA sections 55-10-401 to 55-10-404.
- The offender is convicted of a second or third violation of the provisions of T.C.A. 55-10-401 within five years of a prior conviction.

Bill also requires the Department of Safety to establish and monitor contracts for providers to install, maintain, and calibrate the devices. Under existing law, a court is authorized but not mandated to require a convicted DUI offender to have a vehicle equipped with an ignition interlock device.

### ESTIMATED FISCAL IMPACT:

**Increase Local Govt. Revenues - Not Significant**  
**Increase Local Govt. Expenditures - Not Significant**

Estimate assumes:

- a not significant increase in local government revenues resulting from fees remitted to the courts from vendors that install interlock devices.
- A not significant increase in local government expenditures resulting from courts having to pay a portion of the cost of interlock devices for convicted offenders who are financially unable to afford the total cost of the device.

### CERTIFICATION:

This is to duly certify that the information contained herein is true and correct to the best of my knowledge.



James A. Davenport, Executive Director

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