

Amendment No. \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_  
Signature of Sponsor

<b>FILED</b>
Date _____
Time _____
Clerk _____
Comm. Amdt. _____

**AMEND Senate Bill No. 2168**

**House Bill No. 2237\***

by inserting the following new section immediately preceding the last section and redesignating the subsequent section accordingly:

SECTION\_\_\_. Tennessee Code Annotated, Section 12-4-118, is amended by deleting the section and substituting instead the following:

(a) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, state procurement agencies, in consultation with the department of general services, and in accordance with policies established by the state building commission and state funding board, may enter into an energy performance or guaranteed energy savings contract using alternative procurement or contracting vehicles, including, but not limited to, existing in-state and out-of-state government contracts that have been competitively procured, that incorporate energy or utility savings into the scope of work to be performed under the contract, and that expressly authorize other contracting entities to execute contracts or price agreements under the terms and conditions of the master contract on behalf of a department, institution, agency, or campus having control of, or responsibility for, the management or operation of buildings and facilities; provided, that the contract award meets the requirements of § 12-4-110 relative to energy-related service contracts for counties, cities, metropolitan governments, towns, utility districts, and other municipal and public corporations of the state. Such contracts are subject to approval by the state building commission. Agencies shall make reasonable efforts to ensure that small businesses are not disadvantaged in the determination of a qualified energy services provider.



0430837542



\*017745\*

(b) Projects implemented under an energy performance or guaranteed energy savings contract under subsection (a) may include, but are not limited to, the following energy or utility conservation measures:

- (1) Building envelope weatherization;
- (2) Building automation controls;
- (3) Lighting retrofits and controls;
- (4) Water conservation, HVAC, chiller plant, boiler plant, or other mechanical modifications;
- (5) Submetering to measure performance of controls or systems; and
- (6) Other energy or utility conservation measures that would result in cost savings.

(c) For the duration of each individual contract, an annual measurement and verification audit utilizing generally accepted auditing standards, such as the International Performance Measurement and Verification Protocol, must be conducted, and the related audit report must include, but not be limited to, energy or utility savings achieved, energy or utility savings targets met or exceeded, energy or utility savings targets missed, and guarantees paid by the energy service company executing the contract. The annual measurement and verification audit must be conducted by, and the related audit report must be prepared by, a third party at the expense of the energy service company executing the contract. Each audit report must be submitted annually by the state department, institution, or agency that has entered one (1) or more energy performance or guaranteed energy savings contracts to the department of environment and conservation's office of energy programs within thirty (30) days following the close of the fiscal year. The department of environment and conservation's office of energy programs shall submit the data to the governor, the commissioner of environment and conservation, state procurement agencies, the state building commission, the comptroller of the treasury, the speaker of the senate, and the speaker of the house of

representatives no later than August 31 for each year in which each energy performance or guaranteed energy savings contract is executed and in effect.

(d) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, any energy service company executing an energy performance contract or a guaranteed energy savings contract shall provide a written guarantee that the operational, energy, or utility savings produced by such contract during each year of the contract will be sufficient to pay for the financing repayment costs for that year. The energy service company shall post a performance bond, letter of credit, or other similar surety with the procurement agency in the total amount of guaranteed savings over the contract term. The costs associated with the energy performance or guaranteed energy savings contract may be financed by a third-party installment payment agreement, tax exempt lease purchase agreement, or other appropriate financing agreement arranged by the energy service company for a term of up to the lesser of twenty (20) years or the expected useful life of any items that are the subject of the agreement. The financing agreement must provide that the state procurement agency may terminate the agreement if sufficient funds are not appropriated to the state procurement agency in any fiscal year during the term of the contract to make the payments under the contract.

Amendment No. \_\_\_\_\_

<b>FILED</b>
Date _____
Time _____
Clerk _____
Comm. Amdt. _____

\_\_\_\_\_  
Signature of Sponsor

**AMEND Senate Bill No. 2313\***

**House Bill No. 2578**

by deleting all language after the enacting clause and substituting instead the following:

SECTION 1. Tennessee Code Annotated, Section 10-7-503, is amended by adding the following new subsection:

(1) Notwithstanding any law to the contrary, a governmental entity shall not authorize the destruction of public records subject to disclosure under this part if the governmental entity knows the records are subject to a pending public record request submitted to the governmental entity.

(2) Prior to authorizing the destruction of public records, a governmental entity shall contact the public record request coordinator to ensure the records subject to destruction are not subject to any pending public record requests submitted to the governmental entity.

(3) A governmental entity that authorizes the destruction of public records in violation of this part may be fined up to five hundred dollars (\$500) by a court of competent jurisdiction.

(4) A governmental entity is not liable under this subsection ( ) for authorizing the destruction of public records if the governmental entity contacted the respective records custodian in accordance with subdivision ( )(2) and received notice from the records custodian that the records were not subject to a pending public record request.

(5) This subsection ( ) does not absolve a public official from criminal liability for intentionally or knowingly altering or destroying a public record in violation of § 39-16-504.



0261028517



\*017798\*

(6) This subsection ( ) does not prohibit a records custodian from disposing of public records in accordance with an established records retention schedule or records retention policy as part of the ordinary course of business when the records custodian is without knowledge that the records are subject to a pending public record request.

SECTION 2. This act shall take effect upon becoming a law, the public welfare requiring it.

<b>FILED</b>
Date _____
Time _____
Clerk _____
Comm. Amdt. _____

Amendment No. \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_  
Signature of Sponsor

**AMEND Senate Bill No. 2064\***

**House Bill No. 2685**

by deleting all language after the enacting clause and substituting instead the following:

SECTION 1. Tennessee Code Annotated, Title 8, Chapter 36, Part 3, is amended by adding the following new section:

(a) Notwithstanding this part or any law to the contrary, a correctional officer employed by the department of correction or a local government who is a member of the retirement system, regardless of the correctional officer's participation in the legacy pension plan, the hybrid plan, or any other alternative plan, is eligible for early service retirement upon attainment of twenty-five (25) years of creditable service. The retirement allowance, as provided under this section, must be computed as the actuarial equivalent of the benefit that would have been payable under a service retirement allowance.

(b) A correctional officer is not required to retire pursuant to subsection (a). Subsection (a) applies only to correctional officers who retire on or after the effective date of this act, and does not constitute a change in formula under § 8-36-702.

(c)

(1) The department of correction or respective local government may require a correctional officer who voluntarily chooses to retire pursuant to subsection (a) to pay a pro rata share of the cost of any insurance coverage otherwise provided to members who are one hundred percent (100%) vested in the service retirement benefit pursuant to § 8-36-201 based on the time the correctional officer voluntarily chooses to retire pursuant to subsection (a) until



0776684017



\*016865\*

the date that the correctional officer would have become one hundred percent (100%) vested in the service retirement benefit pursuant to § 8-36-201.

(2) A correctional officer who voluntarily chooses to retire pursuant to subsection (a) is entitled to any insurance coverage otherwise provided to members who are one hundred percent (100%) vested in the member's service retirement benefit pursuant to § 8-36-201 on the date that the correctional officer would have become one hundred percent (100%) vested in the service retirement benefit pursuant to § 8-36-201.

SECTION 2. This act shall take effect January 1, 2021, the public welfare requiring it.